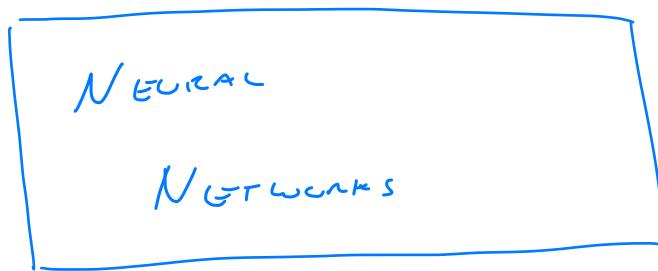


CS 307

SPRING 2024

DALPIAZ



WHAT IS A "NEURAL NETWORK"?

- ARTIFICIAL "ANN" / "NN"
- A FUNCTION
 - OF INPUT DATA AND PARAMETERS
 - OFTEN REPRESENTED AS A NETWORK
- PARAMETERS LEARNED FROM DATA

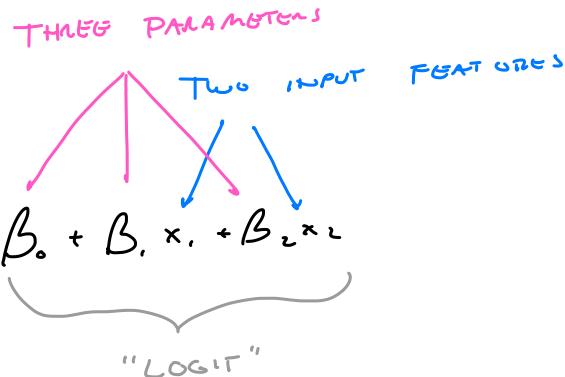
↑
"WEIGHTS"

LOGISTIC REGRESSION

Sigmoid Function $\sigma(x) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}$ $\sigma: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow [0, 1]$

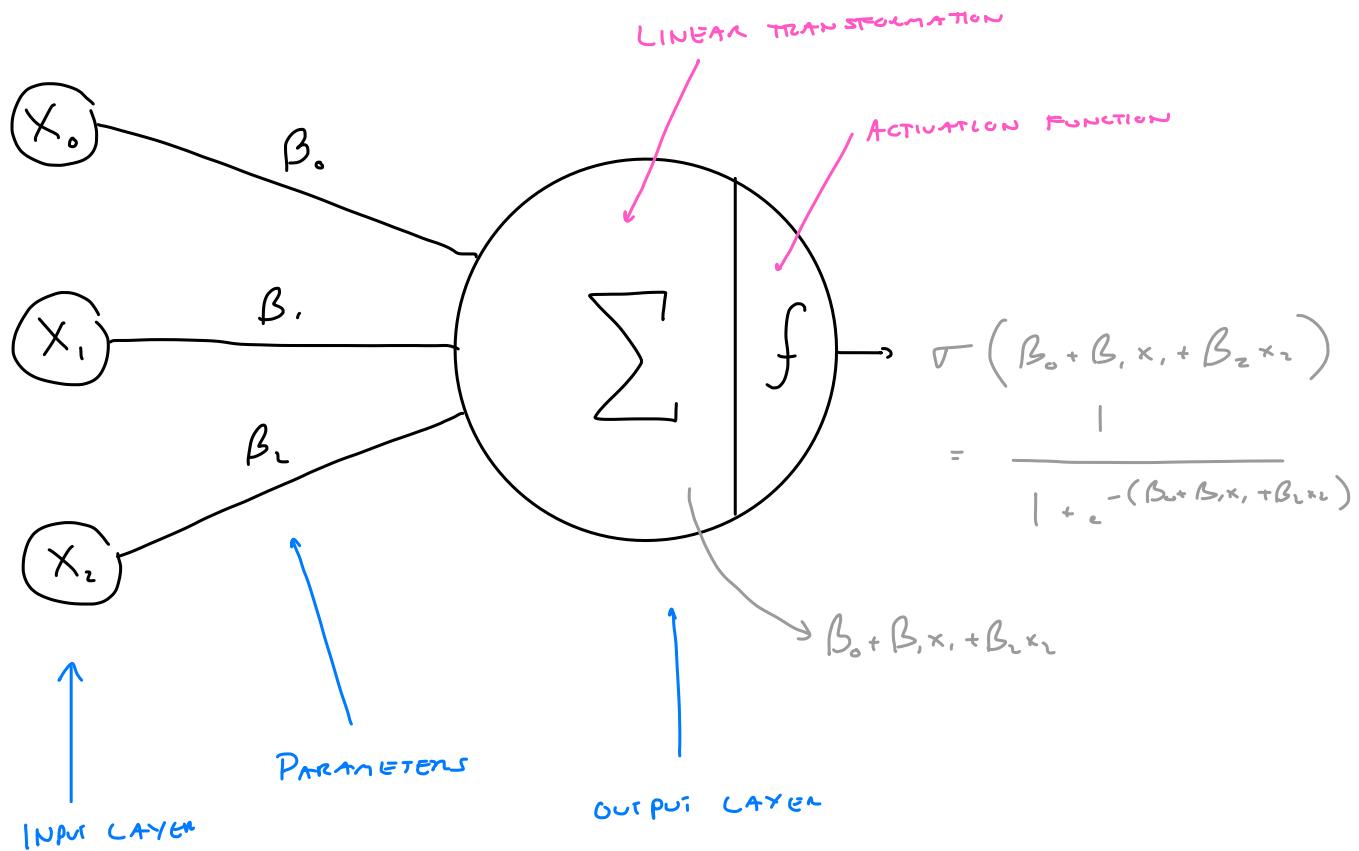
$$p(x) = P[Y=1 | X=x]$$

$$\log\left(\frac{p(x)}{1-p(x)}\right) =$$

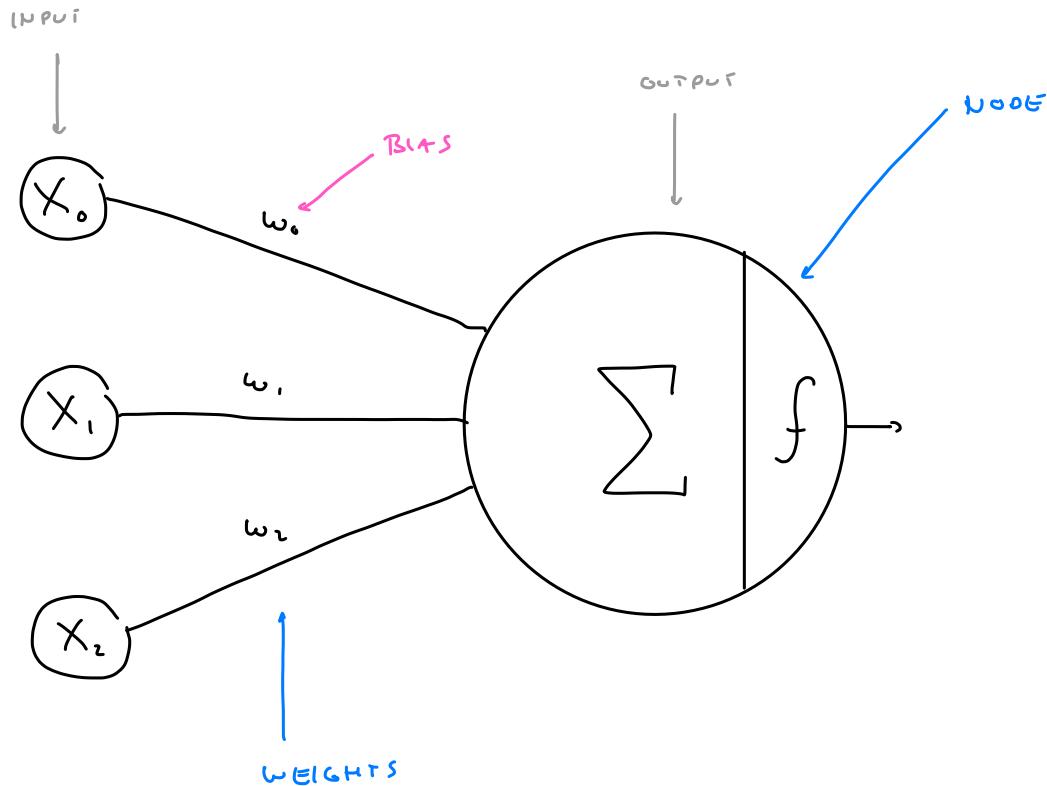


LR AS A "NETWORK"

LET $x_0 = 1$



NN NOMENCLATURE

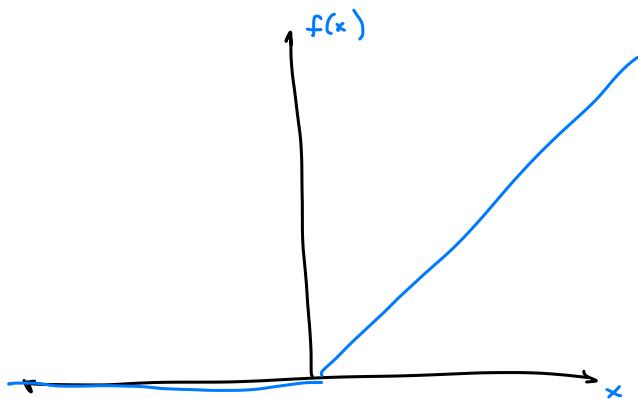


ReLU

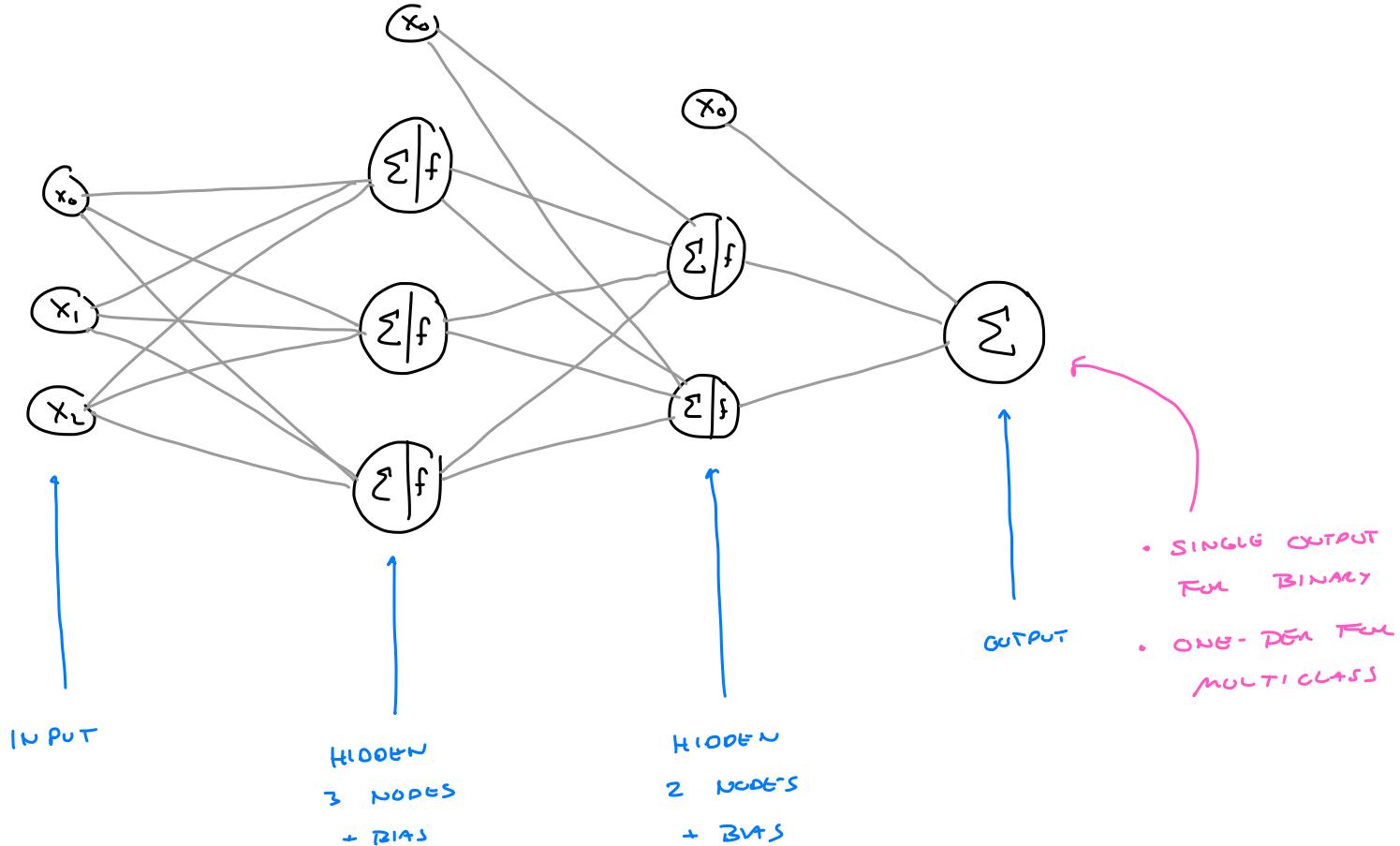
RECTIFIED LINEAR UNIT

ACTIVATION

$$f(x) = \max(0, x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{IF } x > 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$



GOING "DEEP"



WHAT DO WE CONTROL?

- How many layers ?
- How many nodes per layer ?
- Which activation function ? USE RELU FOR HIDDEN
- How to fit / optimize ?
 - METHOD
 - LEARNING RATE

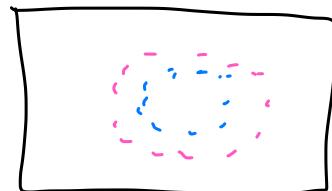
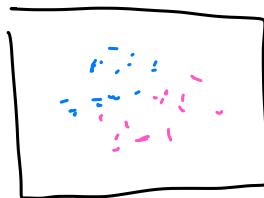
DEEP LEARNING = BIG NETWORKS

How to train NN's?

"How to learn weights from data?"

- Optimization Problem!
- Define Loss Function
- Backpropagation (Chain Rule)
- SGD / Adam

1. LEARN TOY BINARY DATA



2. LEARN MULTICLASS DATA



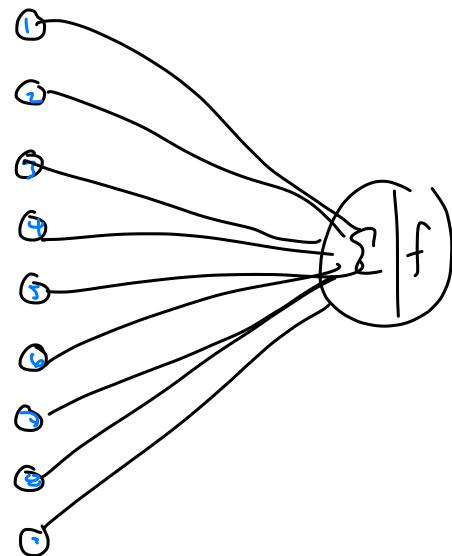
3. LEARN TO CLASSIFY IMAGES!

1	2	3
4	5	6
7	8	9

F-CARTESIAN
→

x_1	x_2	x_3	...	x_i
1	2	3	...	9

3×3



Conv Net

Input

1	2	3
5	ε	11
1	0	2

3×3

Kernel

1	0
0	-1

WEIGHTS

2×2

Output

-7	-9
5	6

2×2

$$1(1) + 0(2) + 0(5) - 1(\varepsilon) =$$

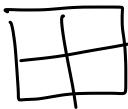
Padding

$\lfloor p \rfloor^2$

0	0	0	0	0
0				0
0				0
0				0
0	0	0	0	0

2×3

Kernel



2×2

Output

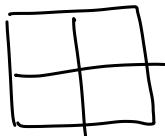
4×4

Pooling / MAX / Average

INPUT

1	9	1	2
3	4	10	7
42	1	0	0
0	-1	11	12

KERNEL



2x2

4x4

Output

9	10
42	12